

# Intermittency on catalysts: symmetric exclusion

J. Gärtner <sup>1</sup>  
F. den Hollander <sup>23</sup>  
G. Maillard <sup>4</sup>

24th May 2006

## Abstract

We continue our study of intermittency for the parabolic Anderson equation  $\partial u/\partial t = \kappa \Delta u + \xi u$ , where  $u: \mathbb{Z}^d \times [0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $\kappa$  is the diffusion constant,  $\Delta$  is the discrete Laplacian, and  $\xi: \mathbb{Z}^d \times [0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a space-time random medium. The solution of the equation describes the evolution of a “reactant”  $u$  under the influence of a “catalyst”  $\xi$ .

In this paper we focus on the case where  $\xi$  is exclusion with a symmetric random walk transition kernel, starting from equilibrium with density  $\rho \in (0, 1)$ . We consider the annealed Lyapunov exponents, i.e., the exponential growth rates of the successive moments of  $u$ . We show that these exponents are trivial when the random walk is recurrent, but display an interesting dependence on the diffusion constant  $\kappa$  when the random walk is transient, with qualitatively different behavior in different dimensions. Special attention is given to the asymptotics of the exponents for  $\kappa \rightarrow \infty$ , which is controlled by moderate deviations of  $\xi$  requiring a delicate expansion argument.

In an earlier paper by Gärtner and den Hollander the case where  $\xi$  is a Poisson field of independent (simple) random walks was studied. The two cases show interesting differences and similarities. Throughout the paper, a comparison of the two cases plays a crucial role.

*MSC 2000.* Primary 60H25, 82C44; Secondary 60F10, 35B40.

*Key words and phrases.* Parabolic Anderson model, catalytic random medium, exclusion process, Lyapunov exponents, intermittency, large deviations, graphical representation.

*Acknowledgment.* GM was supported by a postdoctoral fellowship from the Netherlands Organization for Scientific Research (grant 613.000.307) during his stay at EURANDOM. The research in this paper was partially supported by the ESF Scientific Programme “Random Dynamics in Spatially Extended Systems”. FdH and GM are grateful to the Pacific Institute for the Mathematical Sciences and the Mathematics Department of the University of British Columbia, Vancouver, Canada, for hospitality: FdH January to August 2006, GM mid-January to mid-February 2006 when the work on this paper was completed.

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<sup>1</sup>Institut für Mathematik, Technische Universität Berlin, Strasse des 17. Juni 136, D-10623 Berlin, Germany, [jg@math.tu-berlin.de](mailto:jg@math.tu-berlin.de)

<sup>2</sup>Mathematical Institute, Leiden University, P.O. Box 9512, 2300 RA Leiden, The Netherlands, [den-holla@math.leidenuniv.nl](mailto:den-holla@math.leidenuniv.nl)

<sup>3</sup>EURANDOM, P.O. Box 513, 5600 MB Eindhoven, The Netherlands

<sup>4</sup>Institut de Mathématiques, École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, CH-1015 Lausanne, Switzerland, [gregory.maillard@epfl.ch](mailto:gregory.maillard@epfl.ch)