

## Some results on inhomogeneous percolation

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Let  $\mathbb{L}$  be the  $d$ -dimensional hypercubic lattice and let  $\mathbb{L}_0$  be an  $s$ -dimensional hypercubic sublattice of  $\mathbb{L}$  which contains the origin (and where  $2 \leq s < d$ ).

Percolation at densities  $(p, \sigma)$  can be set up in  $\mathbb{L}$  by declaring edges in  $\mathbb{L}_0$  open with probability  $\sigma$ , and edges in  $\mathbb{L} \setminus \mathbb{L}_0$  open with probability  $p$ . The probability that the open cluster  $C$  at the origin is open is given by

$$\theta^I(p, \sigma) = P_{p, \sigma}^I(|C| = \infty).$$

In this talk we examine the  $(p, \sigma)$ -parameter space of this model. We prove existence of a critical curve  $\sigma^*(p)$  such that the model is subcritical if  $\sigma < \sigma^*(p)$  and supercritical if  $\sigma > \sigma^*(p)$ . We show that  $\sigma^*(p)$  is strictly decreasing with  $p \in (0, p_c(d))$ , and  $\sigma^*(p) = 0$  if  $p \in (p_c(d), 1)$  (where  $p_c(d)$  is the critical density for homogeneous percolation in  $\mathbb{L}$ ).

Other results, including uniqueness of the critical point and decays of the sub- and supercritical cluster distributions will be given, and a connection to a model of collapsing lattice animals will be made.

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